

Insight into design projects at St John's and CAMHS units

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Does this look familiar?



Who is this for? Why does it look this way? What is the experience like? Design significantly impacts a person's well-being and behaviour, shaping their **experiences**, **decisions**, and even their **emotions**. It influences how we perceive, engage with, and interact with the world around us. Good design can promote accessibility, **create positive experiences**, and even improve mental health.

Emotional and Psychological Impact:

- Aesthetics and functionality to reduce stress
- User experience
- Mental health
- Behaviour

Impact on Perception and Cognition:

- Visual communication
- Familiarity and consistency
- Choice and autonomy

Everyday Life:

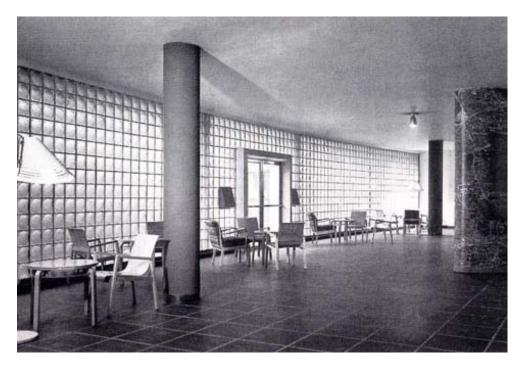
- Staff productivity and efficiency
- Patient and staff satisfaction and fulfilment
- Accessibility and inclusivity

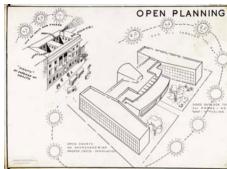


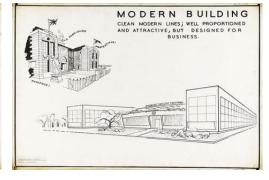
Finsbury Health Centre

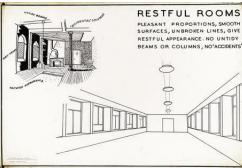














Evolution of the bank

From this...

....

ociety









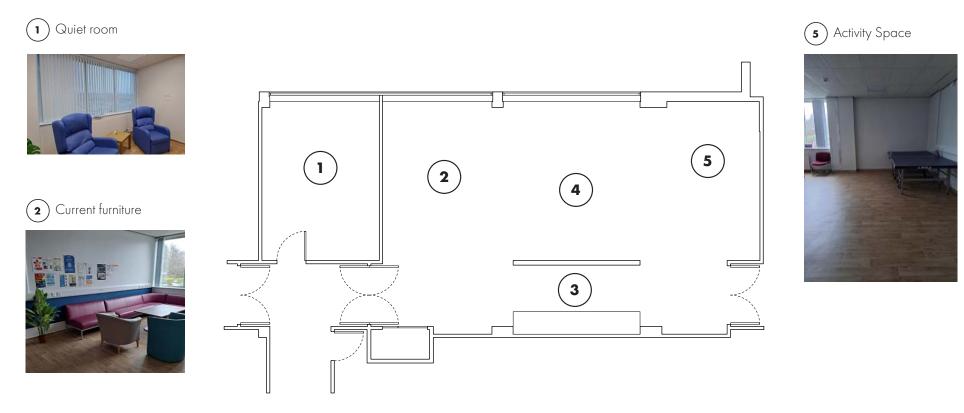
How can this evolution help us re-think our healthcare spaces?

...to this

My approach is understanding **who** will use the space **What** are their **needs** (including any barriers):

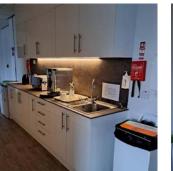


Current project - staff well-being room St John's









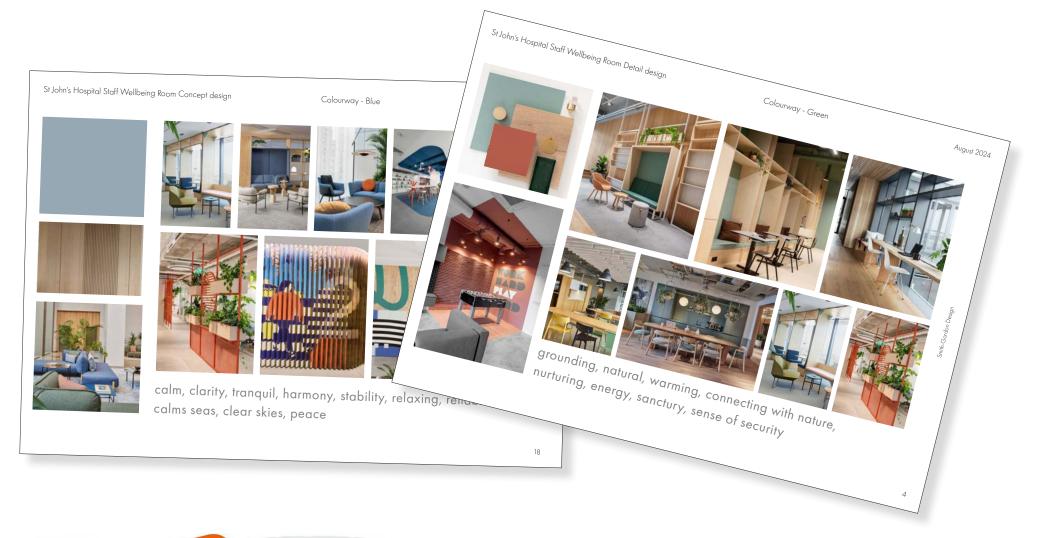








Staff workshops & consultations





- Understanding function
- Understanding users
- Moodboards





Quiet room approach







Main room approach



Multi-purpose space



Current project - CAMHS Musselburgh & Penicuik





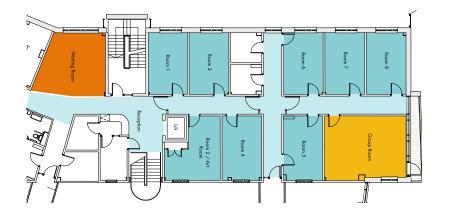


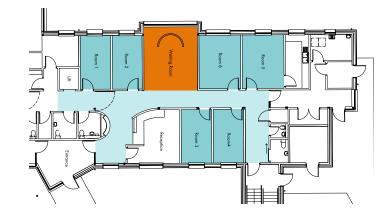












Patient consultations

Staff and patient feedback on what they don't like about the current spaces.

"No pictures on the wall"



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5,0

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Stressful"

"Boring"

"Sometimes busy

"Please add colour

and photos"

- wish I could go somewher quiet"

"Books and toys".

"A big comfy

😊 seat"

"The chairs and the fear before your 20, appointment"

"Plain hospital vibes"

Patient consultations

Staff and patient feedback on what they would change with the existing spaces and how they would like them to feel.

• **Relaxing**

"Welcoming"

"More tactile"

"Art for the walls"

"Quiet"

"Colour"

"Feel less like a hospital"

**

😁 "Comfortable"





Staff consultations



Penicuik



Waiting Area

- Hooded chairs
- Wall mounted fiddle toys
- Plants
- Comfy chairs
- Children's table and chairs
- Art for the wall
- More tactile & sensory



Corridor

- Updated signage
- Wall vinyls
- Art for the wall
- Wall colour
- Door window vinyl

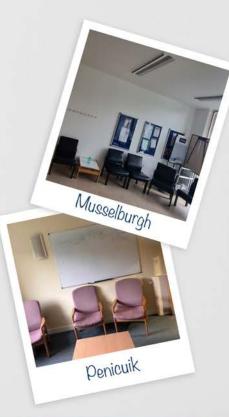


Penicuik



Consultation Rooms

- Whiteboards
- Better flexible lighting
- Flexible Seating options
- Art for the wall
- Softer furnishings
- Make less clinical
- Plants
- Resource boxes
- More tactile & sensory



Group Room

- Screen
- Multi-functional table
- Artwork
- Comfortable chairs
- Built in storage
- Comfort zone
- Working zone
- Storage zone
- Meeting zone



Approach



During consultations with staff at both sites these key words convey the aims for the space improvements and environments

Waiting room approach



Seating options with more choice

Private seating

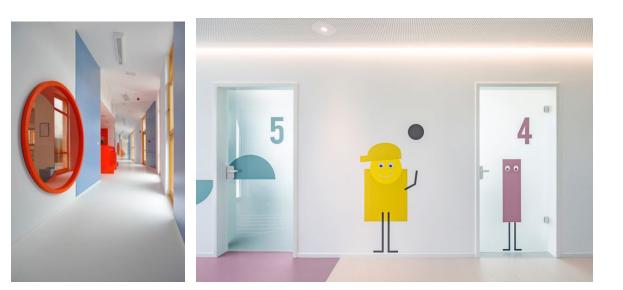
Playful opportunities



Softening hard angles

Colour & materials

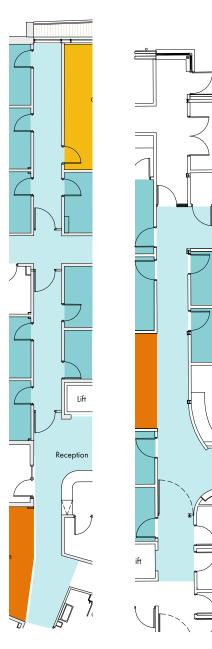
Corridor approach



Making playful features Signage with personality



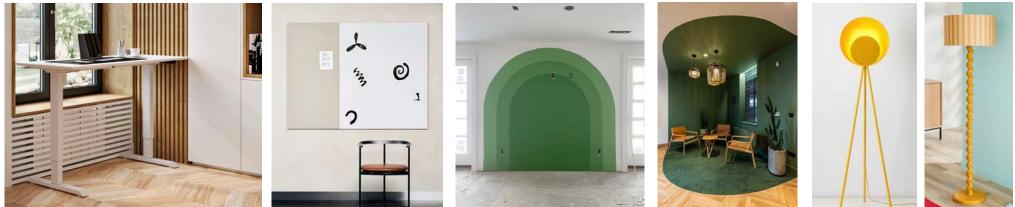
Wall art and colour



Musselburgh

Penicuik

Consultation room approach



Functions and flexibility

Colour blocking/zoning





Accessible seating

Artworks

Modular seating

"User-centred design means understanding what your users need, how they think, and how they behave – and incorporating that understanding into every aspect of your process."

